

KNAUFINSULATION

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Rocksilk® Rainscreen Slab *Installation Guide - Masonry Outer Leaf*

WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW



*Excludes Rocksilk®
RainScreen Slab EE

Build on us.

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Safety considerations

STORAGE ON SITE

Rocksilk® RainScreen Slabs should be stored properly and handled in such a way as to ensure that the product remains clean and undamaged.

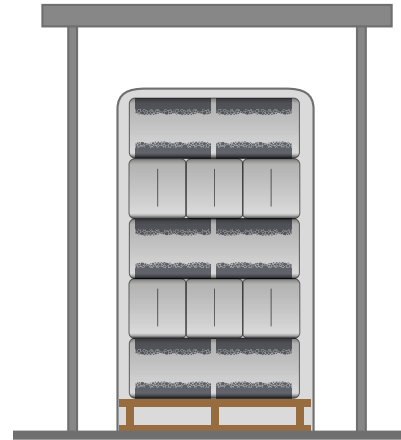
The shrink-wrapped pallets used for the supply of Rocksilk® RainScreen Slabs are designed for short-term protection only. For longer term protection on site, the product should either be stored indoors or under cover and off the ground. Rocksilk® RainScreen Slabs should not be left permanently exposed to the elements.

If the main hood is removed or damaged, the remaining packs should be kept under cover indoors or protected from the elements by a weatherproof cover. In coastal locations where weather is more extreme and bird damage is more common, use additional covering or store indoors.

The product must be protected from prolonged exposure to sunlight, and stored dry and flat.



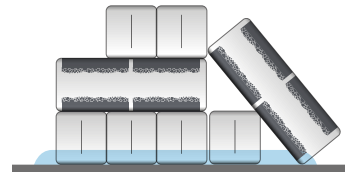
Slabs protected from weathering potential



HANDLING

Rocksilk® RainScreen Slabs are light and easy to handle; care should be exercised to avoid crushing their edges or corners. If damaged, the product should be discarded. Damaged, contaminated or wet product must not be used.

During construction exposed areas of slabs should always be covered at the end of a day's work or in heavy rain. Polyethylene covers should be used to provide protection and prevent work from becoming saturated.



Slabs exposed to the elements

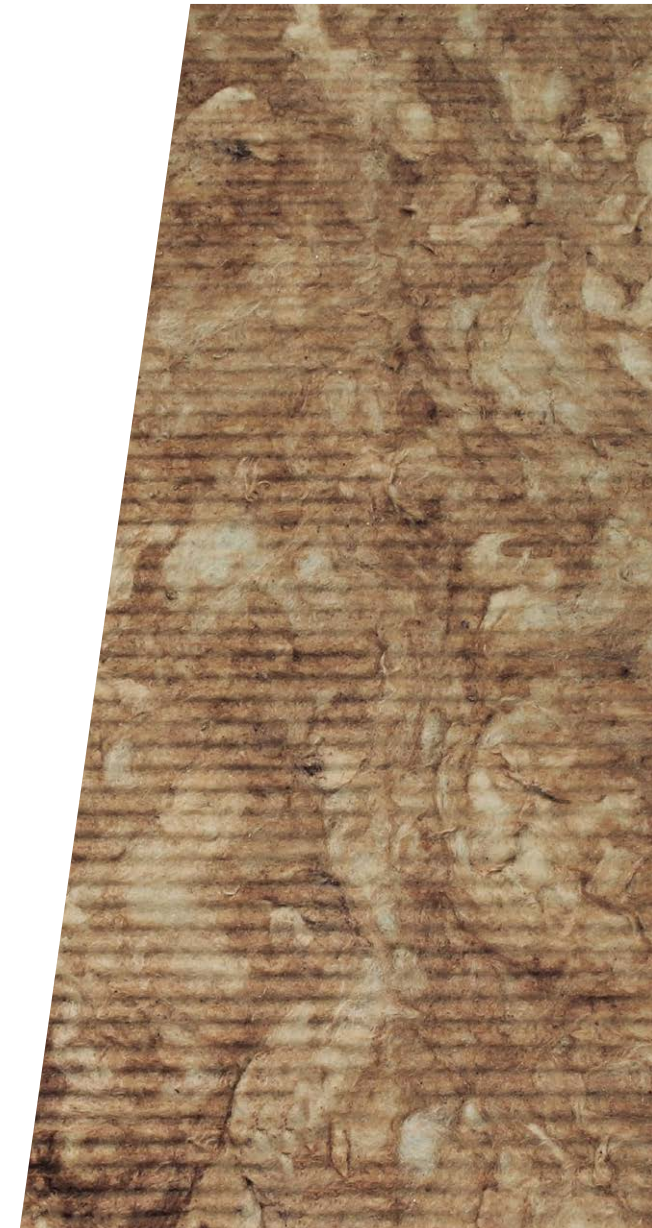
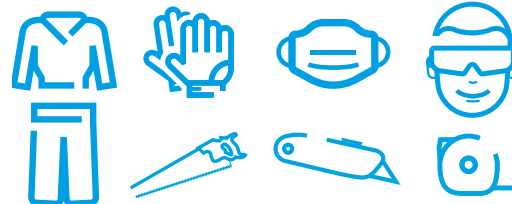
SAFETY EQUIPMENT AND TOOLS

It is recommended that the following Personal Protective Equipment should be used while handling the product:

PPE: Dust mask (FFP1 minimum), gloves, safety glasses

Tools: Knife or fine-toothed saw, tape measure

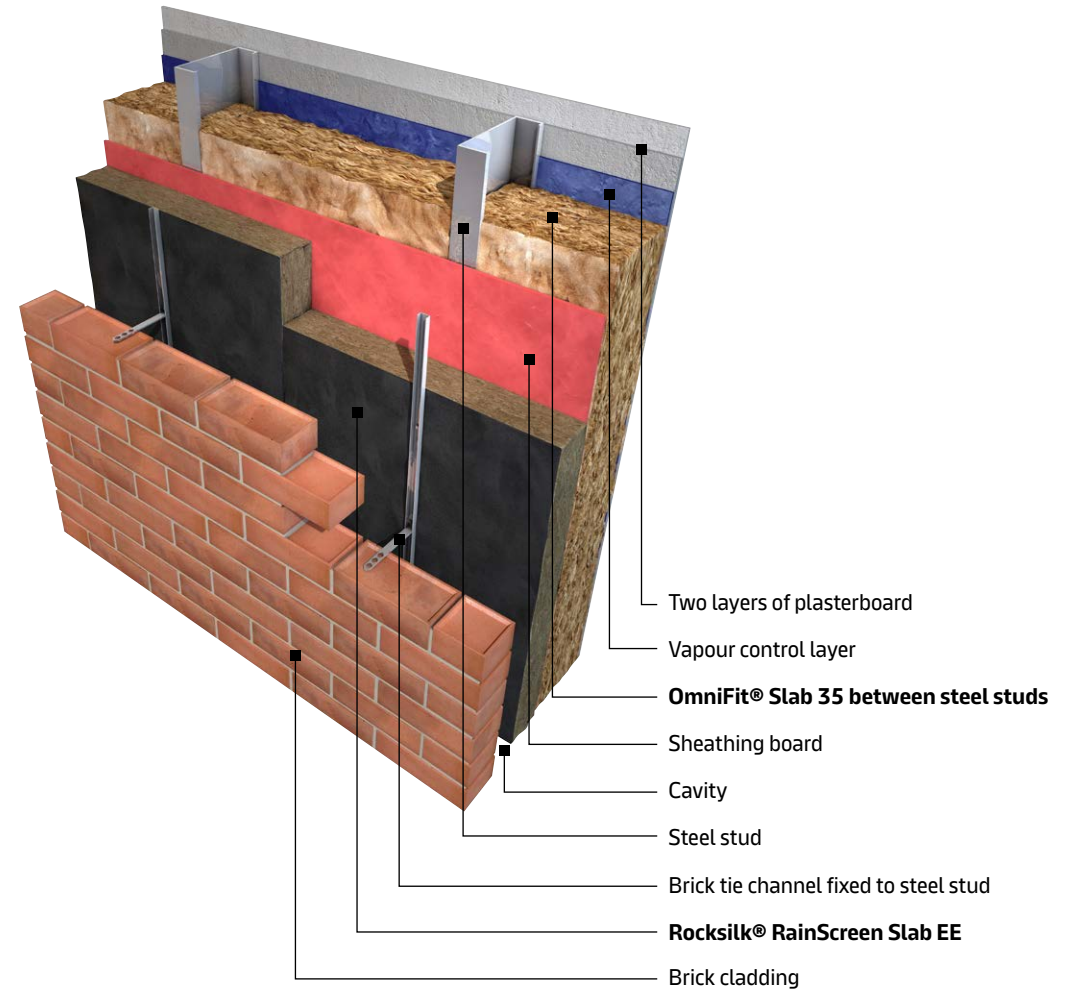
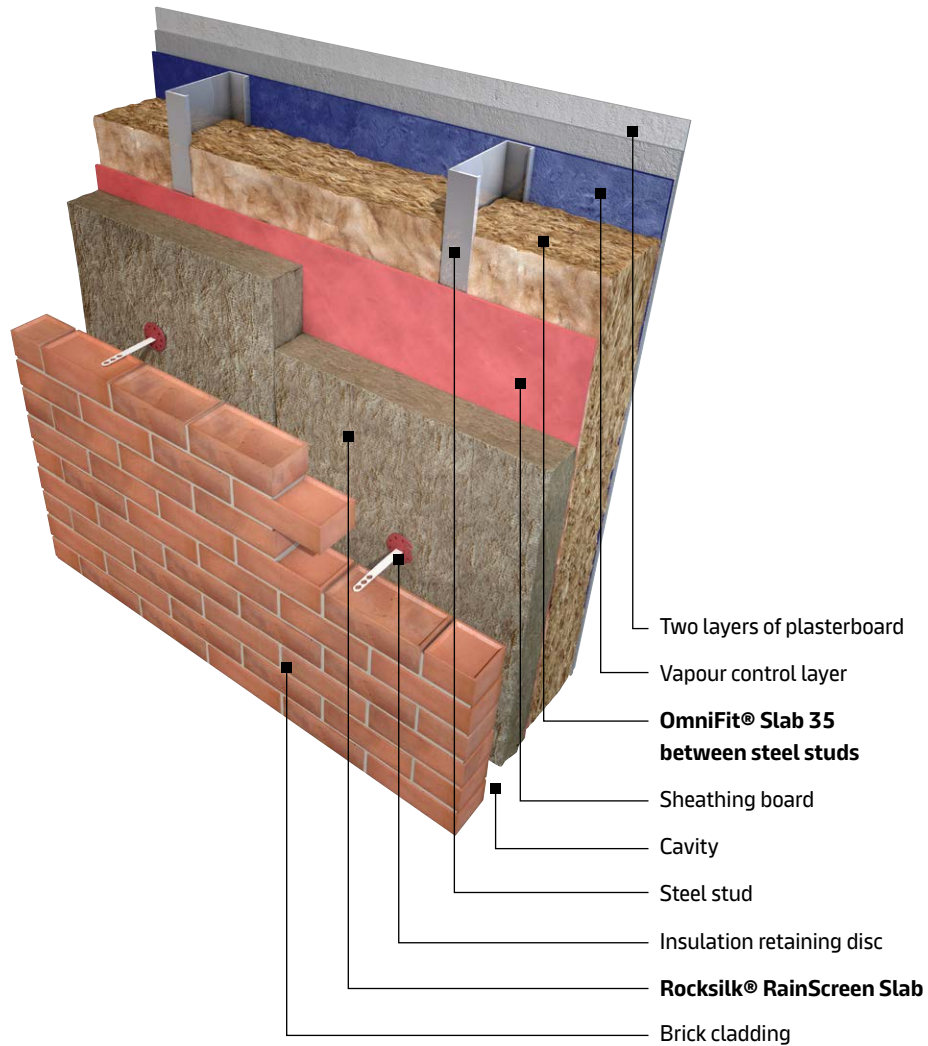
It is recommended that dust masks, gloves and long-sleeved clothing should be worn during cutting and handling of the product.



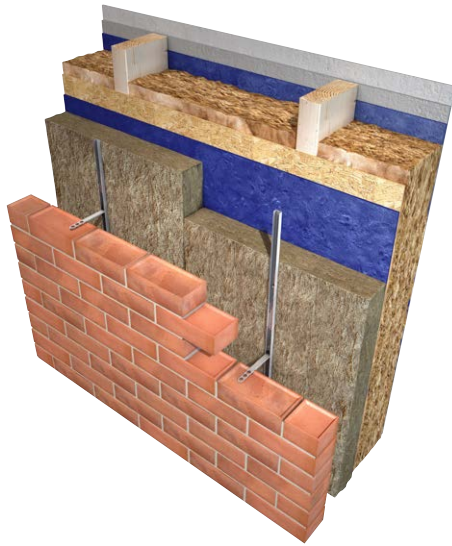
Typical partial-fill behind masonry systems

SYSTEM USING BRICK TIES AND RETAINING DISCS

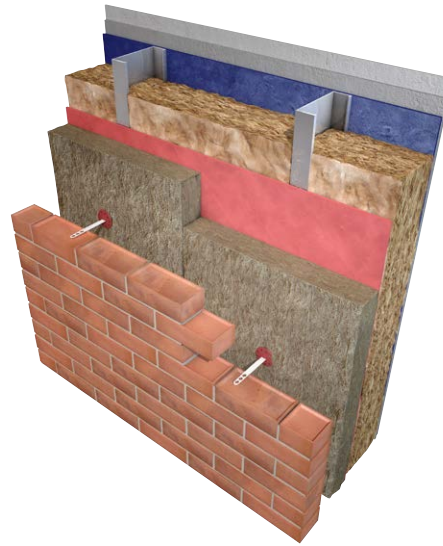
SYSTEM USING BRICK TIE CHANNELS



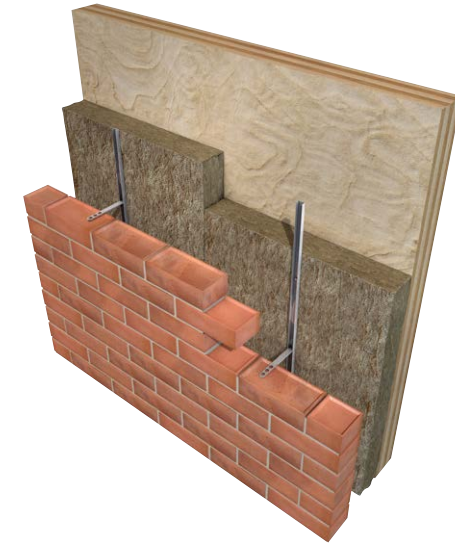
Note: The brick restraint system used shall be suitable for the specific project being considered and fitted in accordance with the instructions and recommendations of the system manufacturer. If brick tie channels are used to retain the Rocksilk® RainScreen Slabs to the inner leaf, then they shall be at a maximum of 455mm vertical centres otherwise supplementary insulation fixings must be used. The brick tie channels shall be fixed at a distance equal to the design thickness of the Rocksilk® RainScreen Slabs and so that it is kept in continuous intimate contact with the sheathing board but not compressed. The brick restraint system must be stainless steel as per BS EN 845-1.



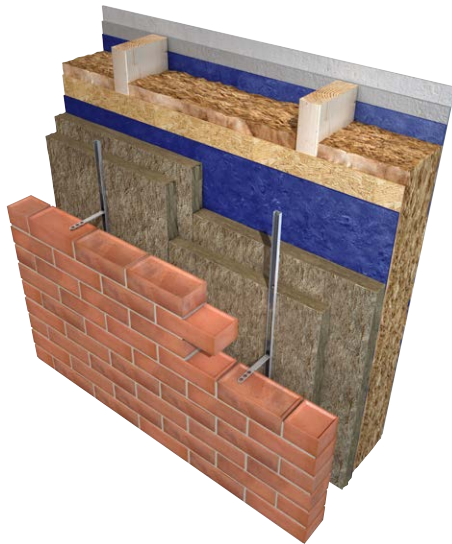
TIMBER FRAME SINGLE LAYER



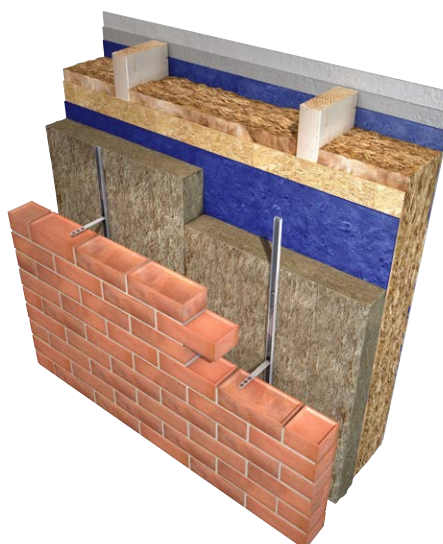
STEEL FRAME WITH WALL TIES



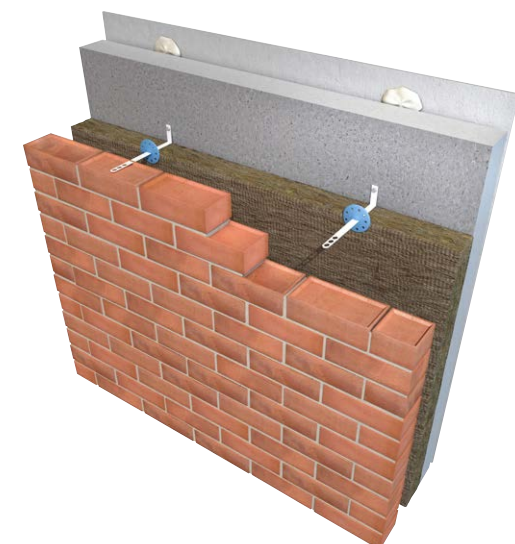
CROSS LAMINATED TIMBER



TIMBER FRAME DOUBLE LAYER



STEEL FRAME WITH BRICK RESTRAINT SYSTEMS



REINFORCED CONCRETE WITH MASONRY

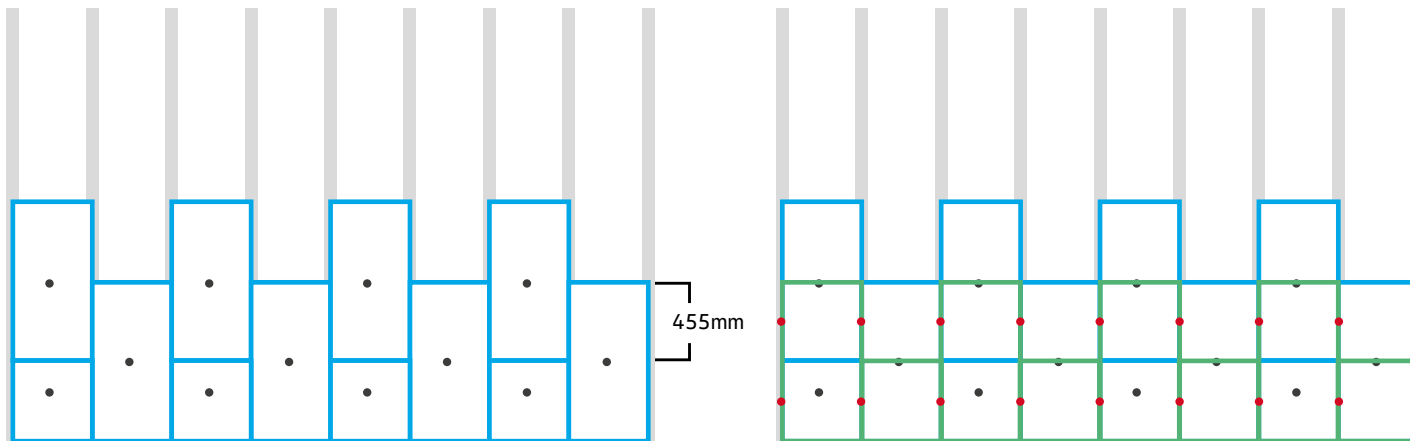
Note: Rocksilk® RainScreen Slab EE does not currently hold an Agrément certificate from the BBA.

Pre-installation considerations

Rainscreen masonry outer dual layering using a SFS or timber frame.

Retaining discs

1. The wall ties should be fixed into studs at 455mm vertical centres.
2. The inner layer should be installed in a portrait orientation in line with edges of the slab being in the centre of the SFS or timber studs and between the wall ties.
3. Should it be necessary, the first row of slabs can be fixed through the centre of the slabs directly into the sheathing board for additional support.
4. The outer layer of Rocksilk® RainScreen Slabs should be installed in a portrait orientation with the slabs fixed in position using the wall ties and retaining discs.
5. In the final assembly, the slabs are held in position by the retaining discs on the wall ties.



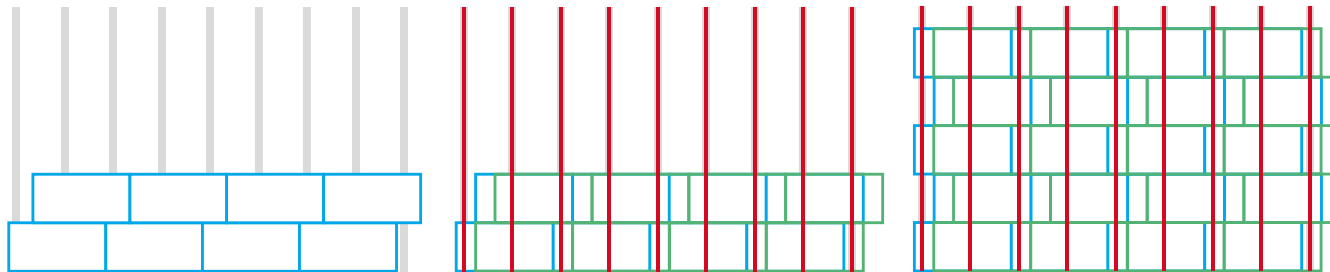
- KEY:
- SFS studs
 - First layer of Rocksilk® RainScreen Slabs
 - Second layer of Rocksilk® RainScreen Slabs
 - Fixings
 - Wall ties with retaining discs



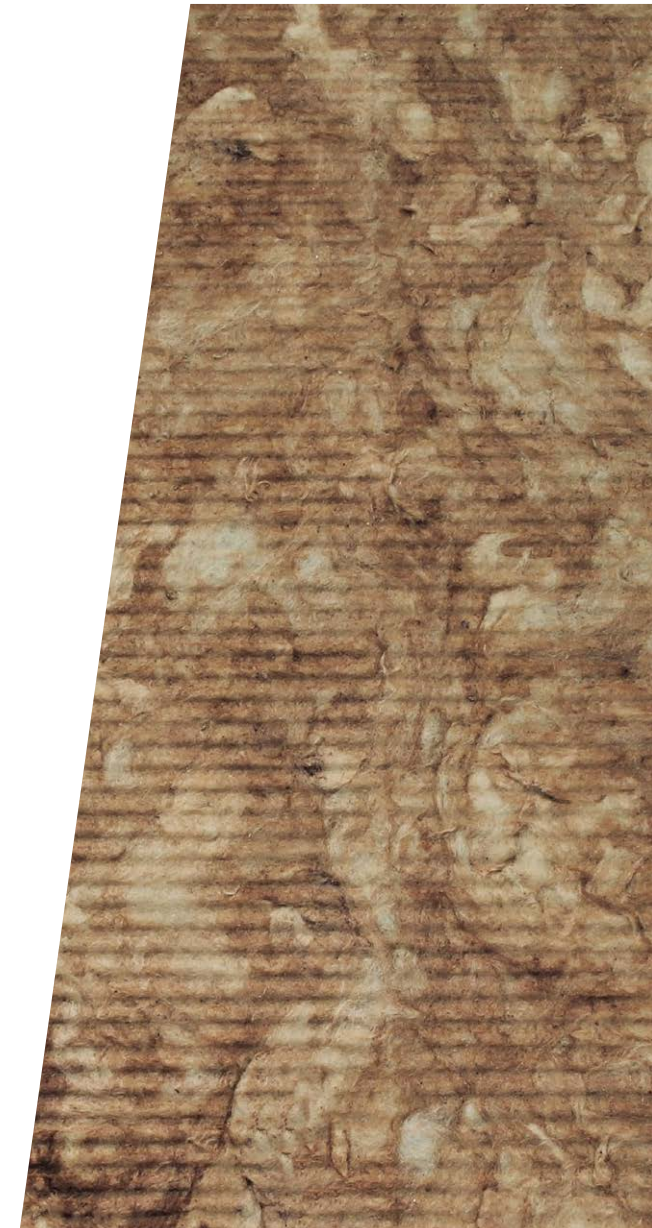
Rainscreen masonry outer dual layering using a SFS or timber frame.

Brick tie channels

1. The inner layer should be installed in a landscape orientation with the edges of the slabs staggered from the stud lines.
2. Should it be necessary, the first rows of slabs can be fixed with fixings through the centre of the slabs directly into the sheathing board for temporary support.
3. The outer layer of Rocksilk® RainScreen Slabs should be installed in a landscape orientation staggered by minimum 100mm to the first layer, again with the slab edges not running in line with the SFS or timber stud line.
4. Once the first 2 layers have been installed then the brick tie channels can be installed with the fixings fixed directly into the studs. Care should be taken to ensure that each full slab is held firmly in place by a minimum of two brick tie channels.
5. Further layers of Rocksilk® RainScreen Slabs can then be installed behind the vertical channels in a landscape orientation fixed back to the superstructure using the brick tie channels.
6. In the final assembly the slabs are held in position by the brick tie channels.
7. When installing dual layers totalling 180mm or above, compression sleeves must be used to firmly fix the brick tie channels back to the sheathing board (see page 8 for more information).



- KEY:
- SFS studs
 - First layer of Rocksilk® RainScreen Slabs
 - Second layer of Rocksilk® RainScreen Slabs
 - Fixings
 - Wall ties with retaining discs



Placement

USING BRICK TIE CHANNELS

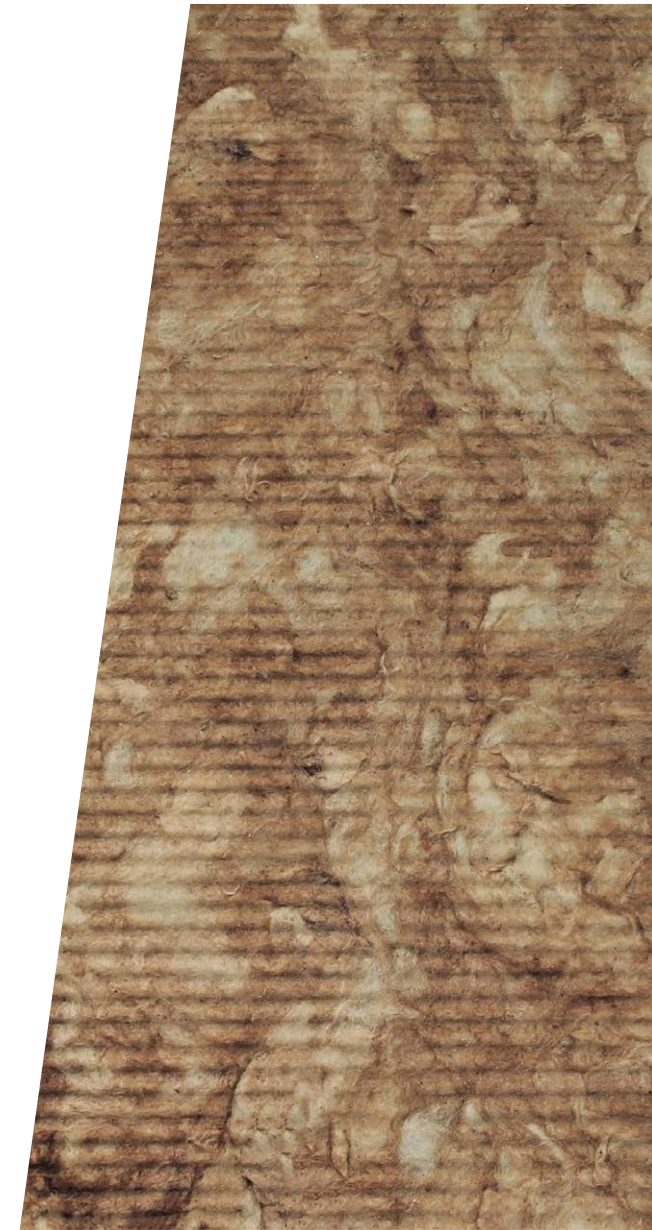
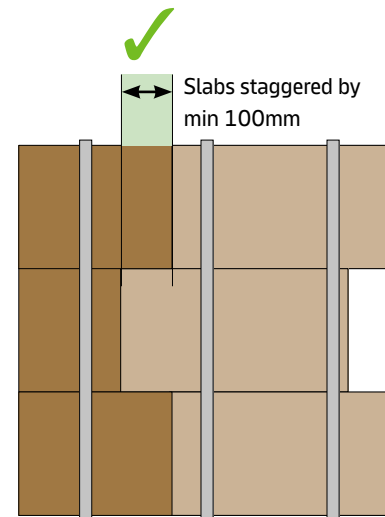
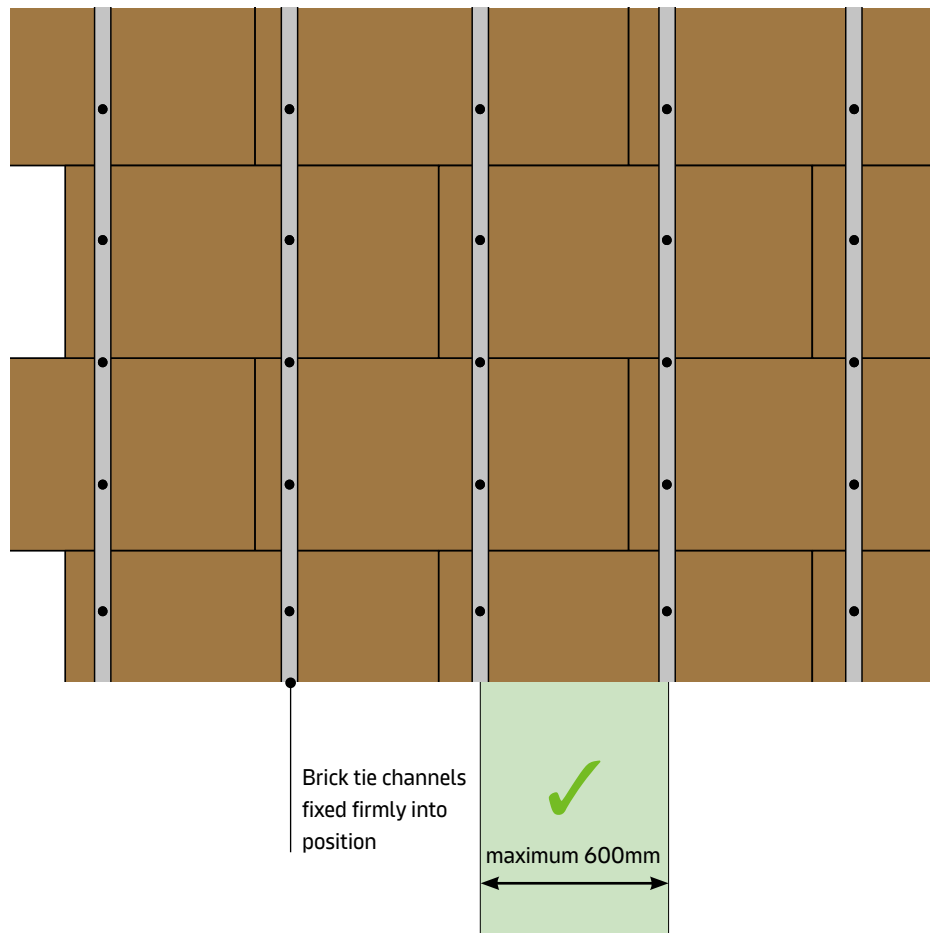
Joints between slabs should be staggered.

Joints between slabs should be staggered by a minimum of 100mm and coincidental joints should be avoided.

Slabs should be installed in a landscape orientation.



To avoid gaps between slabs.



Placement

USING RETAINING DISCS

Discs and wall ties should be fixed along stud lines at maximum 455mm centres to lie within mortar joints and slabs should then be friction fitted between wall ties such that the discs fall between slab joints.

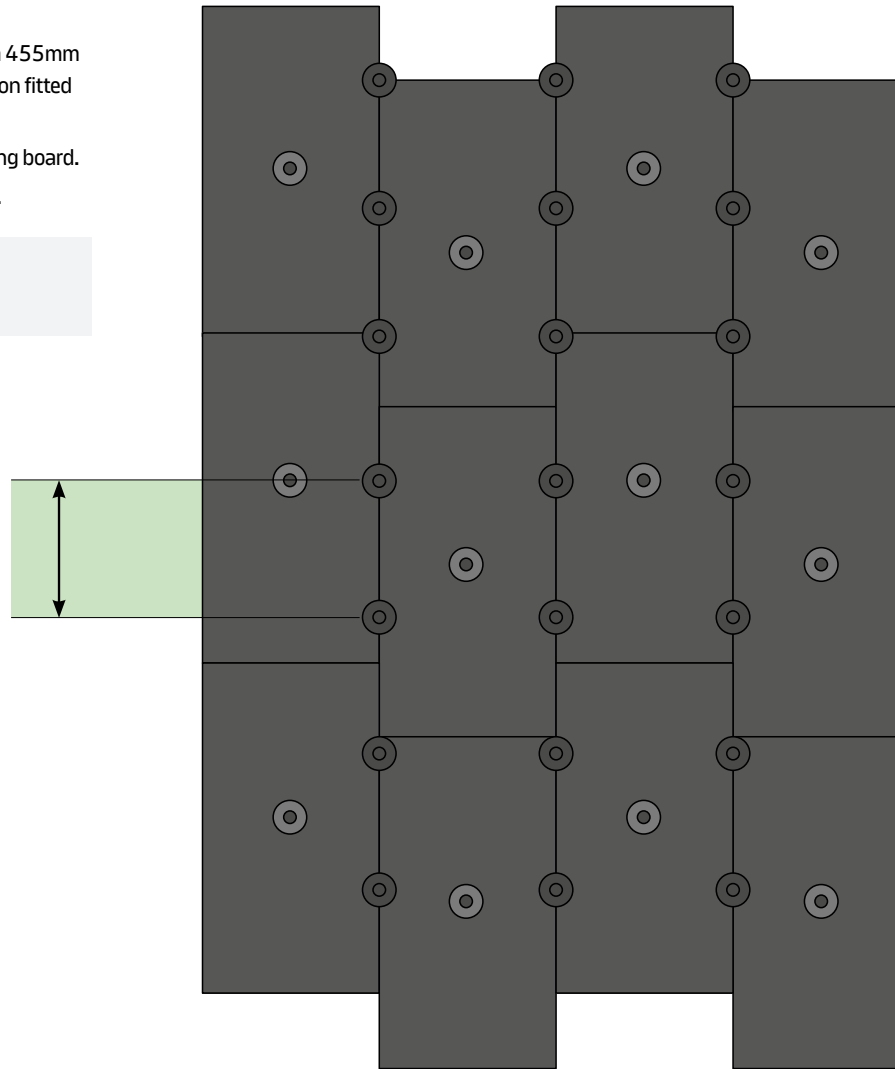
Retaining discs are used to retain insulation back to the sheathing board.

Slabs can be installed in either landscape or portrait orientation.



To ensure a simple to install, strong fit of Rocksilk® RainScreen Slab to sheathing board.

✓ Maximum 455mm



FIXING: ● Wall tie and retaining disc

● Metal washer



Placement

Rocksilk® RainScreen Slabs double-faced - It doesn't matter which way round it is installed

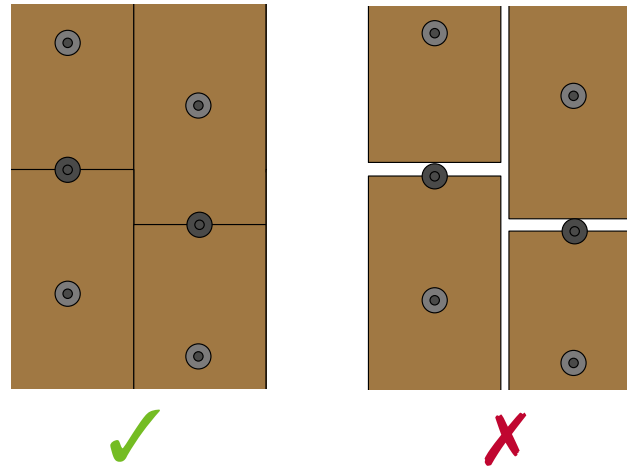
Rocksilk® RainScreen Slabs can be installed with either face in continuous intimate contact with the substrate without affecting its durability or thermal properties.

(Does not apply for Rocksilk® RainScreen Slab EE)

Slabs to be in contact with each other

Installed such that they are tightly butted together at joints and joints staggered by a minimum of 100mm.

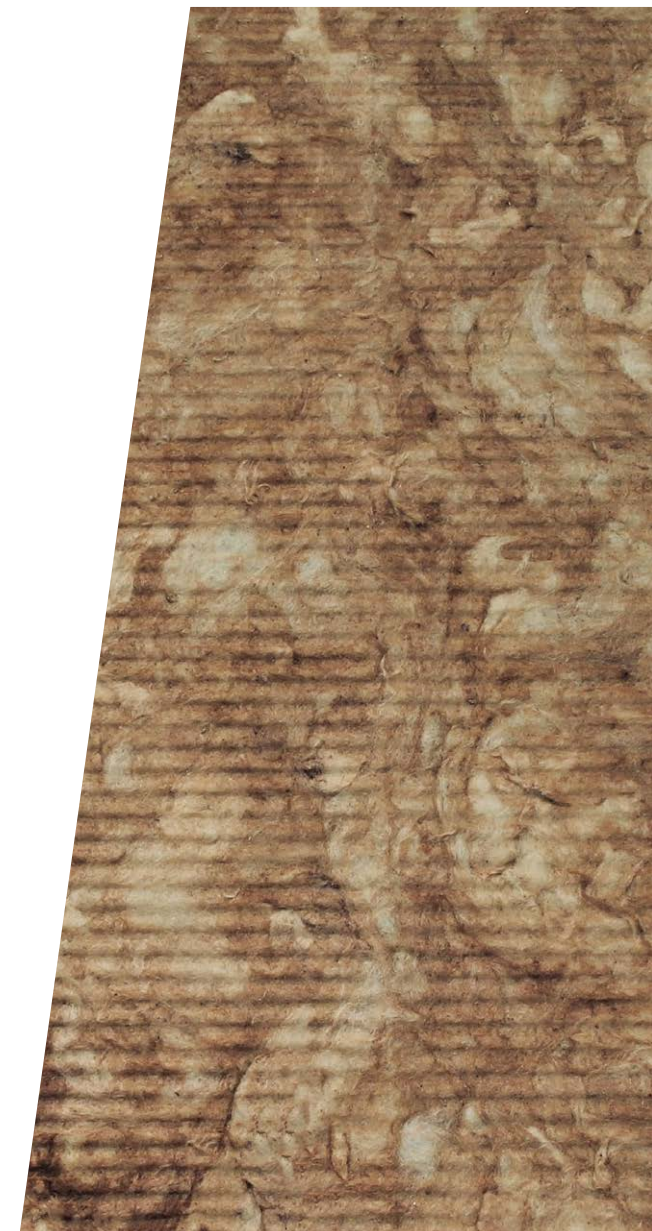
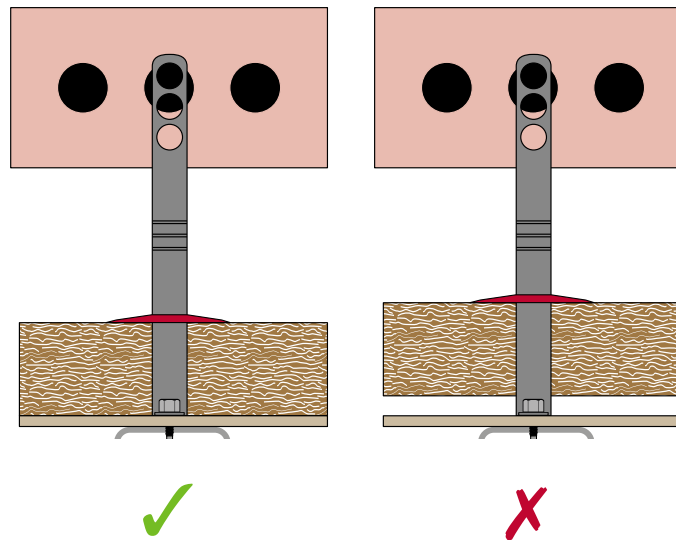
? To avoid coincidental joints and maintain thermal, acoustic and weather performance.



Intimate contact with substrate

Rocksilk® RainScreen Slabs should be in intimate contact with the building substrate. The nature of the insulation material lends itself to accommodate any irregularities in the surface of the substrate.

? Creating a snug fit between the slabs and the wall reduces the chance for air gaps and ensures thermal efficiency.



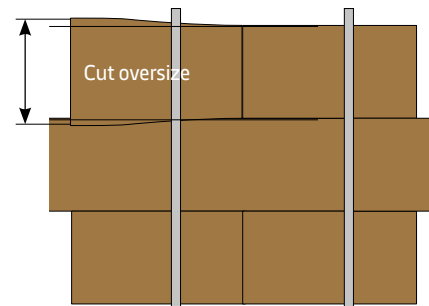
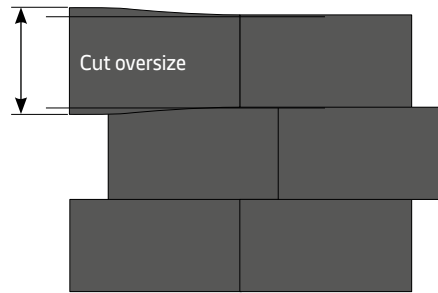
Placement

Compression fit into place

Rocksilk® RainScreen Slabs should be cut slightly oversize and compression fitted into place.



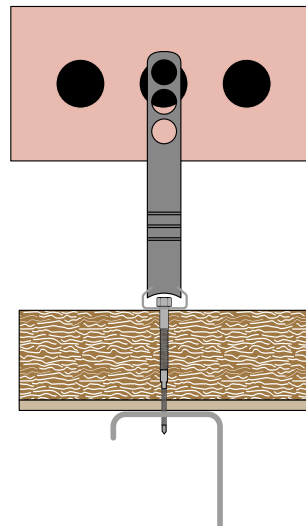
To creating a snug fit between the slabs and the wall reduces the chance for air gaps and ensures thermal efficiency.



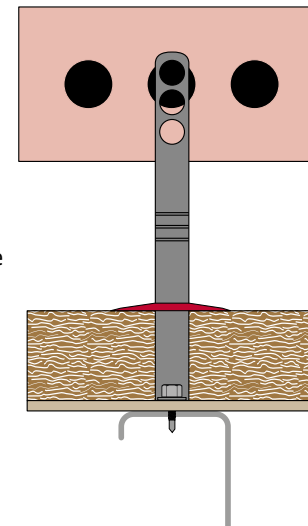
Maintain a ventilated cavity

Make sure a cavity remains between the insulation and the external cladding. Approved Document C and NHBC guidance state that the residual cavity should not be less than 50mm wide.

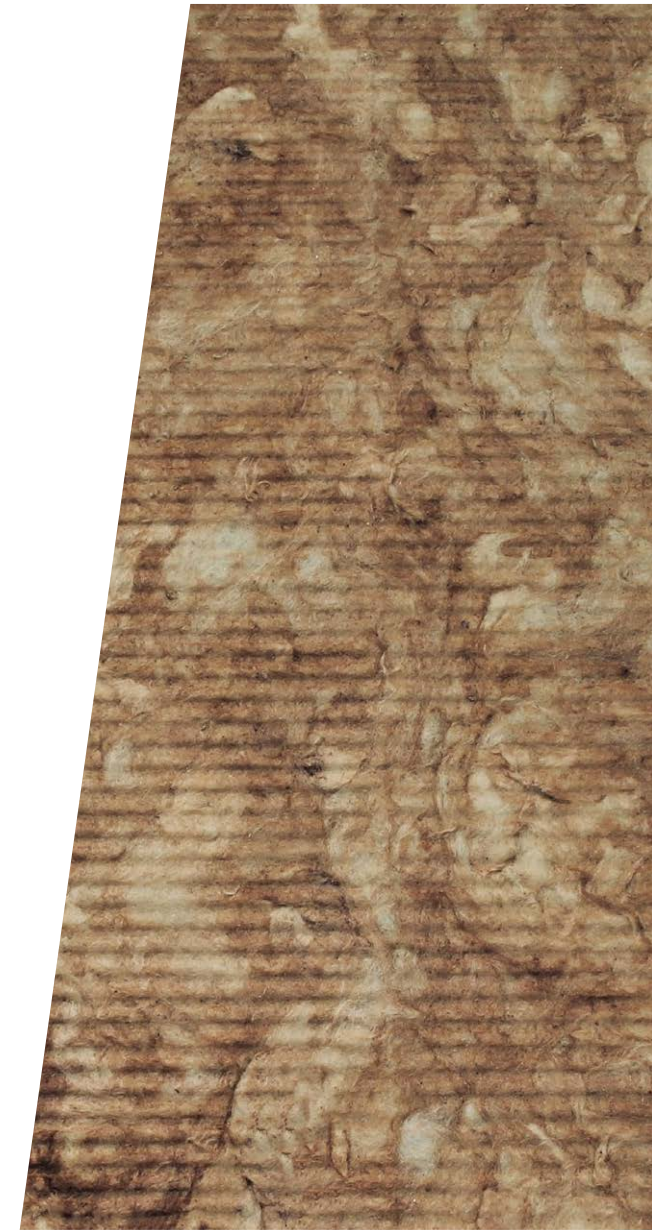
Brick tie channel



Retaining disc



✓
Cavity width of
50mm or above



Placement

Rocksilk® Rainscreen Slabs below DPC

Rocksilk® RainScreen Slabs do not absorb water by capillary action and may therefore be used in situations where they bridge the DPC's of the inner and outer leaf.



To simplify installation.

Two layers of plasterboard

Vapour control layer

Timber stud

OmniFit® Slab 35

Breather membrane

Sheathing board

Brick tie

Screw fixed through insulation to timber stud

Brick tie channel fixed to timber stud

Rocksilk® RainScreen Slab / Rocksilk® RainScreen Slab EE

Cavity

Brick cladding

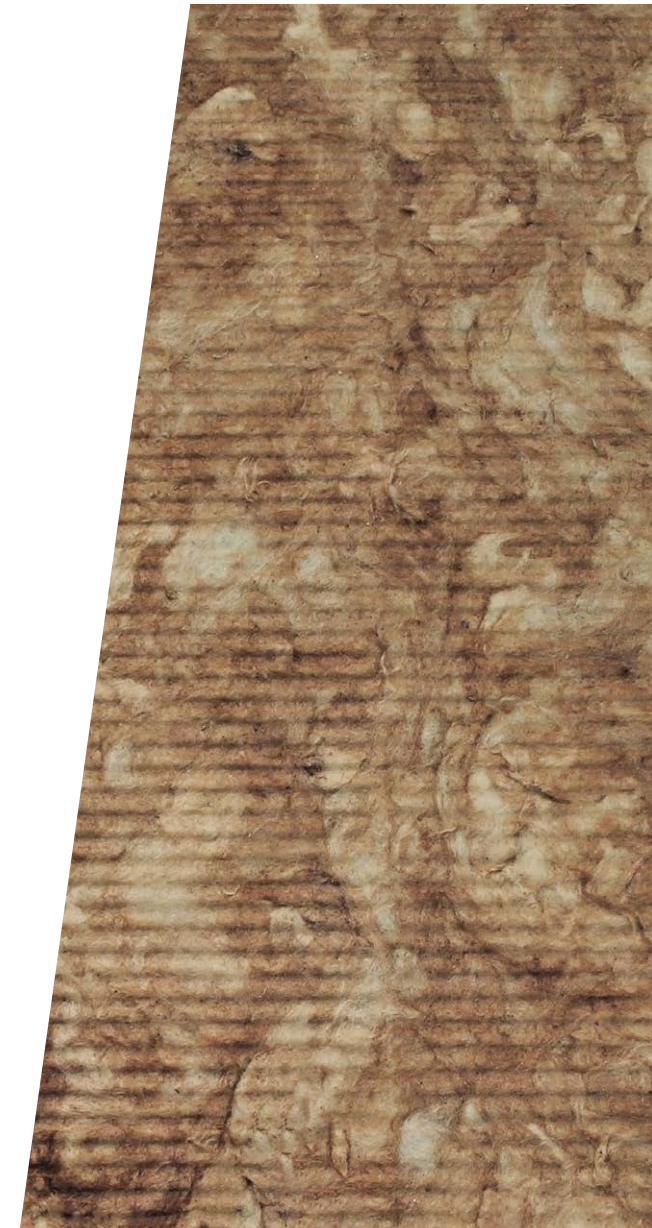
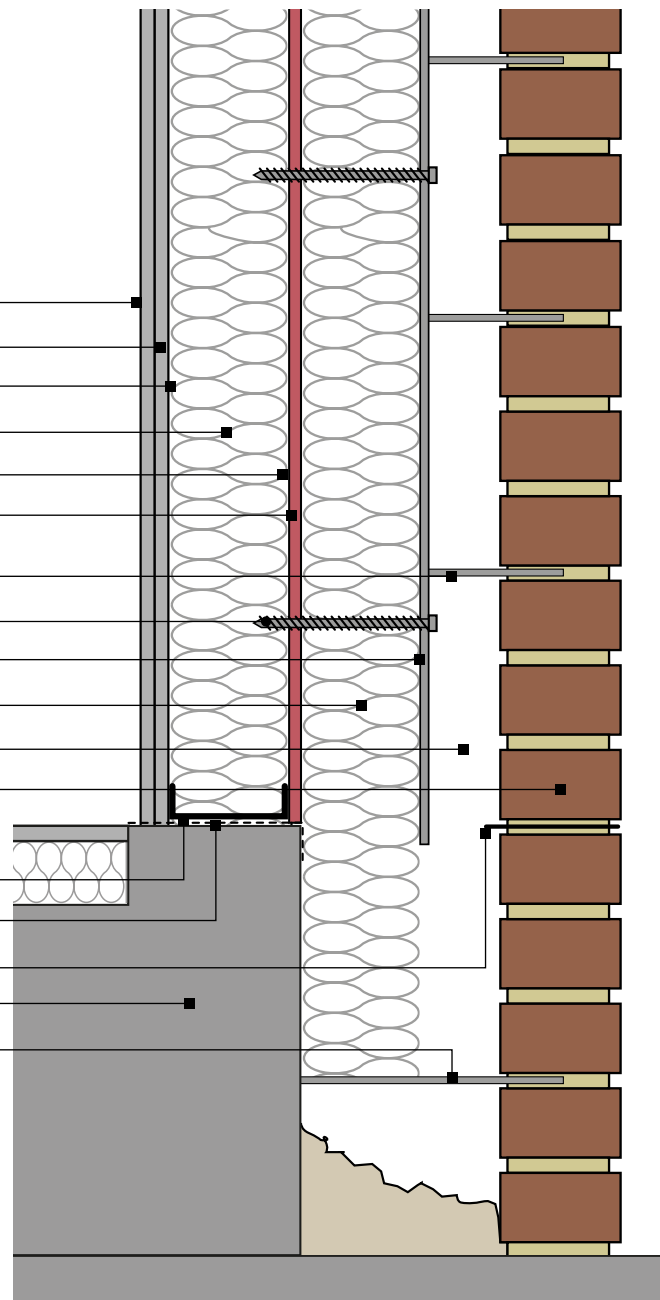
SFS sole plate

Damp proof course

Damp proof course

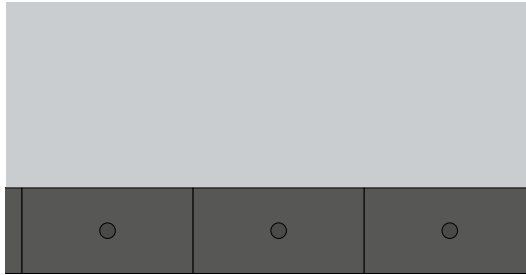
Concrete slab

Brick tie

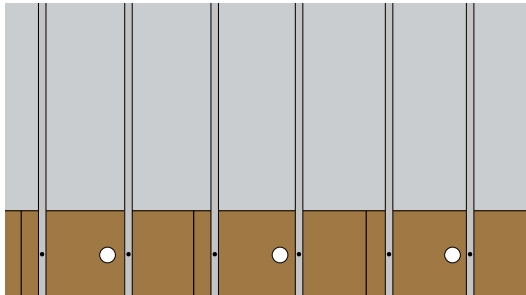


Installation sequence

Place the first layer of Rocksilk® RainScreen Slabs in position against the backing structure and temporarily pin in place using an insulation retainer into the sheathing board.



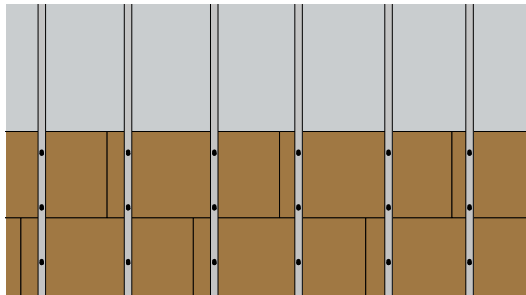
Offer up the brick tie channel e.g. Ancon 25/14 channel or ACS 25/15 Framefix Ultra Channel and fix in position fixings recommended by the manufacturer. Do not fix beyond the 600mm height of the first layer of Rocksilk® RainScreen Slabs.



Temporary insulation fasteners can be removed if required.

From above, slide the next row of Rocksilk® RainScreen Slabs into place behind the brick tie channel. The slabs will be retained in position by the channel and supported by the row of slabs below.

Fix the channel back to the steel frame using the fixing pattern recommended by the fixing manufacturer e.g. Ancon or ACS, to the height of the next layer of Rocksilk® RainScreen Slabs. This procedure should be repeated for every new layer of brick tie channels.



Installation sequence with Rocksilk® Rainscreen Slab EE

When installing Rocksilk® RainScreen Slab EE the same installation sequence should be used, however since Rocksilk® RainScreen Slab EE has a water repellent black tissue facing that provides exposure protection to the insulation during construction it does not need to be installed a floor at a time and can be left exposed as a full elevation before the cladding is installed over it.

Installation sequence with Rocksilk® Rainscreen Cavity Barriers

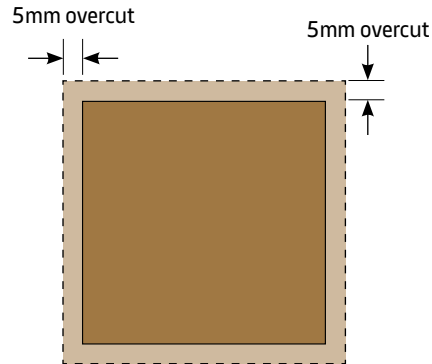
Both Rocksilk® RainScreen Slab and Rocksilk® RainScreen Slab EE are suitable for use with the entire range of Rocksilk® RainScreen Cavity Barriers. For more information on the installation of Rocksilk® RainScreen OSCB, Rocksilk® RainScreen FireStop Slab or Rocksilk® RainScreen FFCEB please visit the individual installation guides, available on our website.



Cutting

CUT NEATLY AROUND PENETRATIONS AND CONSTRUCTION DETAILS - CUT OVERSIZE BY 5mm

Cut neatly around penetrations and construction details using a sharp bladed knife or insulation saw. When cutting around penetrations, cut oversize by 5mm to allow some local compression of the slab around the feature to ensure a snug fit.



? To maximise thermal performance.

✓ Leave 5mm oversize

✗ Cut directly up to penetrations

CUT NEATLY WITH A SHARP INSULATION SAW/KNIFE

Cut neatly with a fine serrated saw or a large bladed knife.

? Gives a factory quality cut and prevents tearing

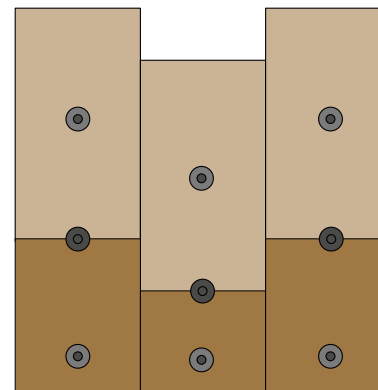
✓ Use insulation saw or knife

✗ Rip using coarse blade



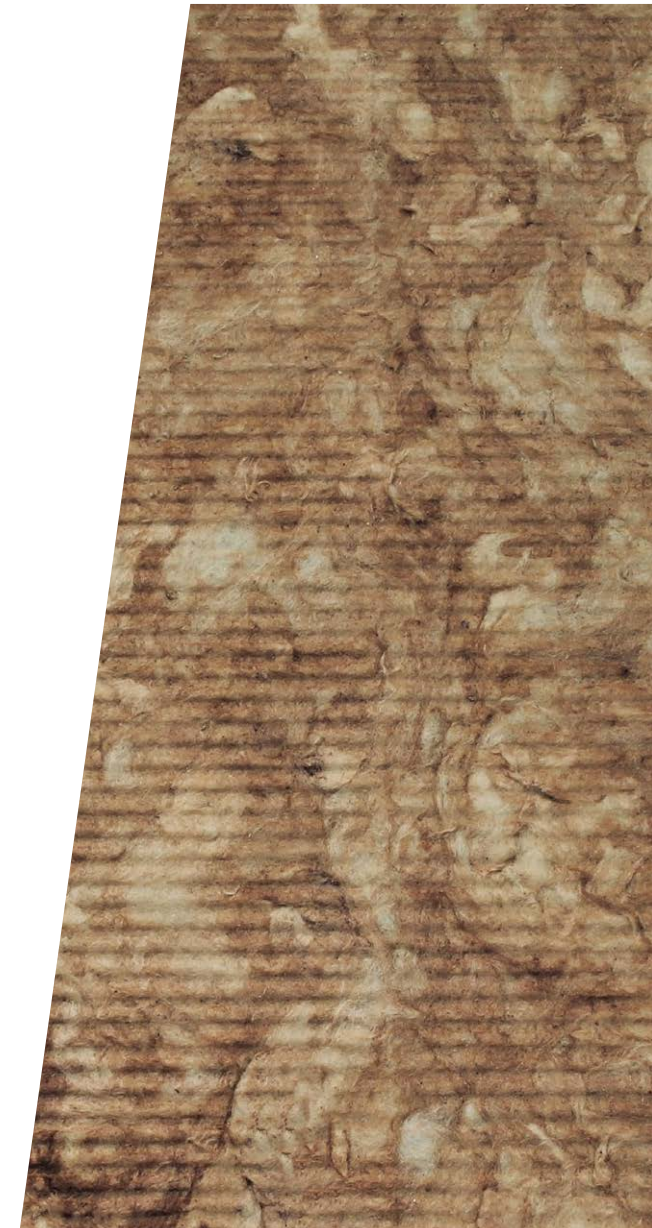
AREAS THAT CANNOT ACCEPT FULL SLAB SHOULD USE A SLAB SECTION

Areas of insulation that do not require a full slab (aside from corners where a full slab must be used) can be filled using a slab section, where the section is cut slightly oversize to give a snug fit and fixed at 600mm intervals in the centre of the section. Each slab section should receive one non-combustible fixing and washer in addition to any other fixings as required to maintain continuity of the insulation.



✓ Slab cut and snug fit

✗ Loose fit for cut slab section



Fixings

FIXINGS AND WASHERS

When installing the first layer of RocksilK® RainScreen Slabs, polypropylene or metal washers should be used to fix the slabs against the sheathing board.

This means that the joints between the slabs stay tightly butted ensuring maximum thermal performance.

✓ **Fixings used for temporary support if necessary**

WASHER:  Polypropylene or metal

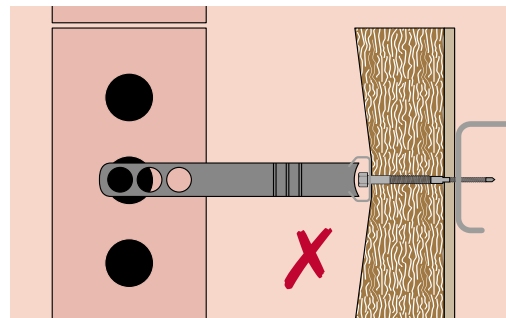
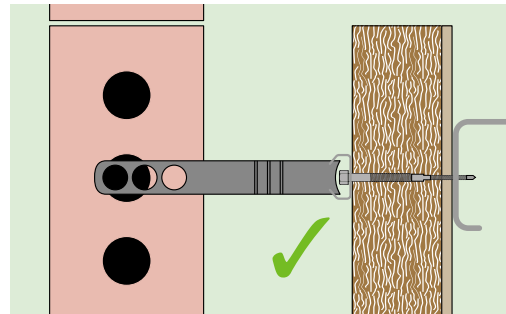


DON'T OVERTIGHTEN MECHANICAL FIXINGS

Ensure that mechanical fixings are not overtightened; surface compression of the product is not recommended.

?

This compromises the thermal performance and can lead to localised moisture pooling.



Fixings

FIXINGS TO USE

Rocksilk® RainScreen Fixings are designed for installing Rocksilk® RainScreen Slab and Rocksilk® RainScreen Slab EE onto steel or timber framed constructions.

The black plastic and metal washers are designed to match the colour of the facing on Rocksilk® RainScreen Slab EE.



Ensure fixing equipment does not damage the product during the fixing process e.g. drill chucks.

CORNER DETAILS - ADDITIONAL FIXINGS

Rocksilk® RainScreen Slabs should be installed using additional fixings around corner details, where fixings are added to each slab corner such that it is fixed firmly to the super structure.

WASHER MINIMUM DIAMETER OF 70mm

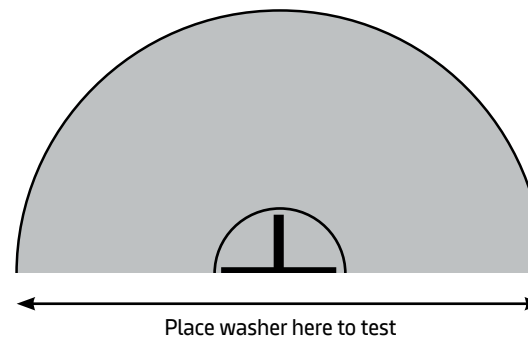
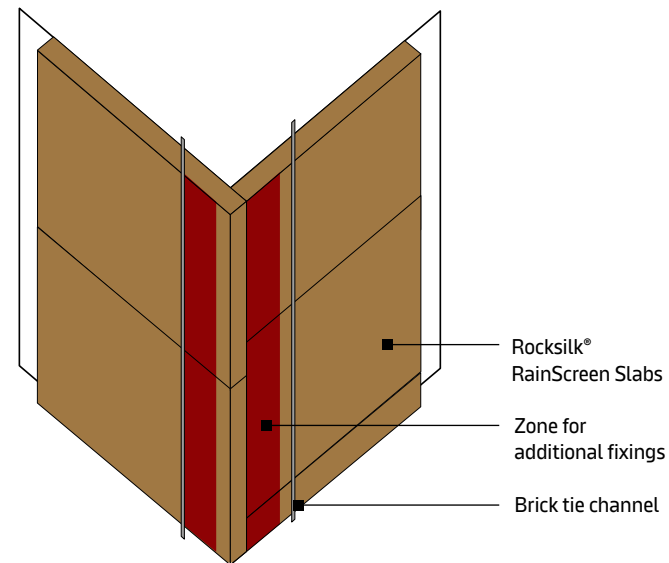
When installing the fixings to retain the insulation, a washer with a minimum diameter of 70mm must be used to ensure optimum strength of fixing between Rocksilk® RainScreen Slabs and substrate.



Washers 70mm or ABOVE



Washers BELOW 70mm




Detailing considerations

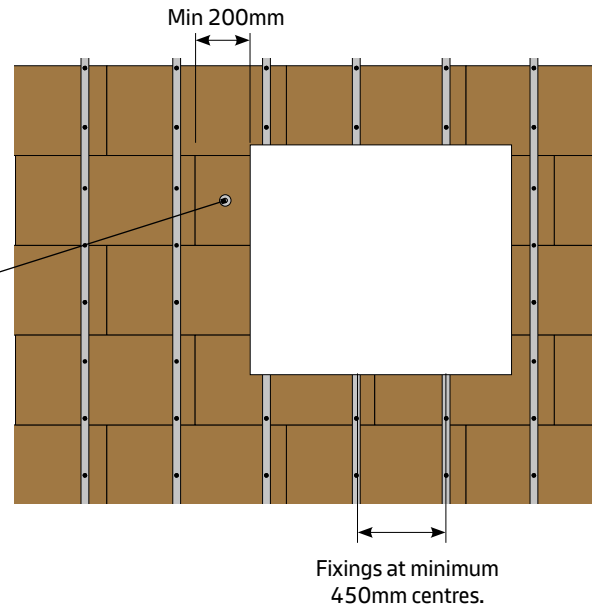
WINDOW DETAILS

Cut slabs to fit neatly around window details. Additional fixings and washers may be required to firmly retain the slabs and ensure continuity of the insulation layer. Fixings should have a minimum of one non-combustible (metal) washer per cut slab in addition to other fixings.

Additional fixings and brick tie channels should be fixed into the border studs or secondary support studs of the penetration detail.

WASHER:  Metal

For small slab sections that cannot take a brick tie channel, metal fixings should be used to hold the slab against the substrate.



INSTALLATION AROUND SERVICE PENETRATIONS

Product should be offered up to penetration applying sufficient pressure to allow a small indent to be made in the product. An indent should be made on the face that will come into contact with the substrate when the product is installed.

Cut a slot in the product with an insulation saw or large bladed knife. Install the product over the penetration, taking care not to damage the external face of the slab. Ensure that the product is in intimate contact with neighbouring slabs. Secure the slab to the wall substrate with mechanical fixings in accordance with the design specification.

Consideration should be made to ensure appropriate fire stopping measures are used around penetrations, especially plastic.



Ensures a tight fit of slabs around penetrations, ensuring maximum thermal efficiency.



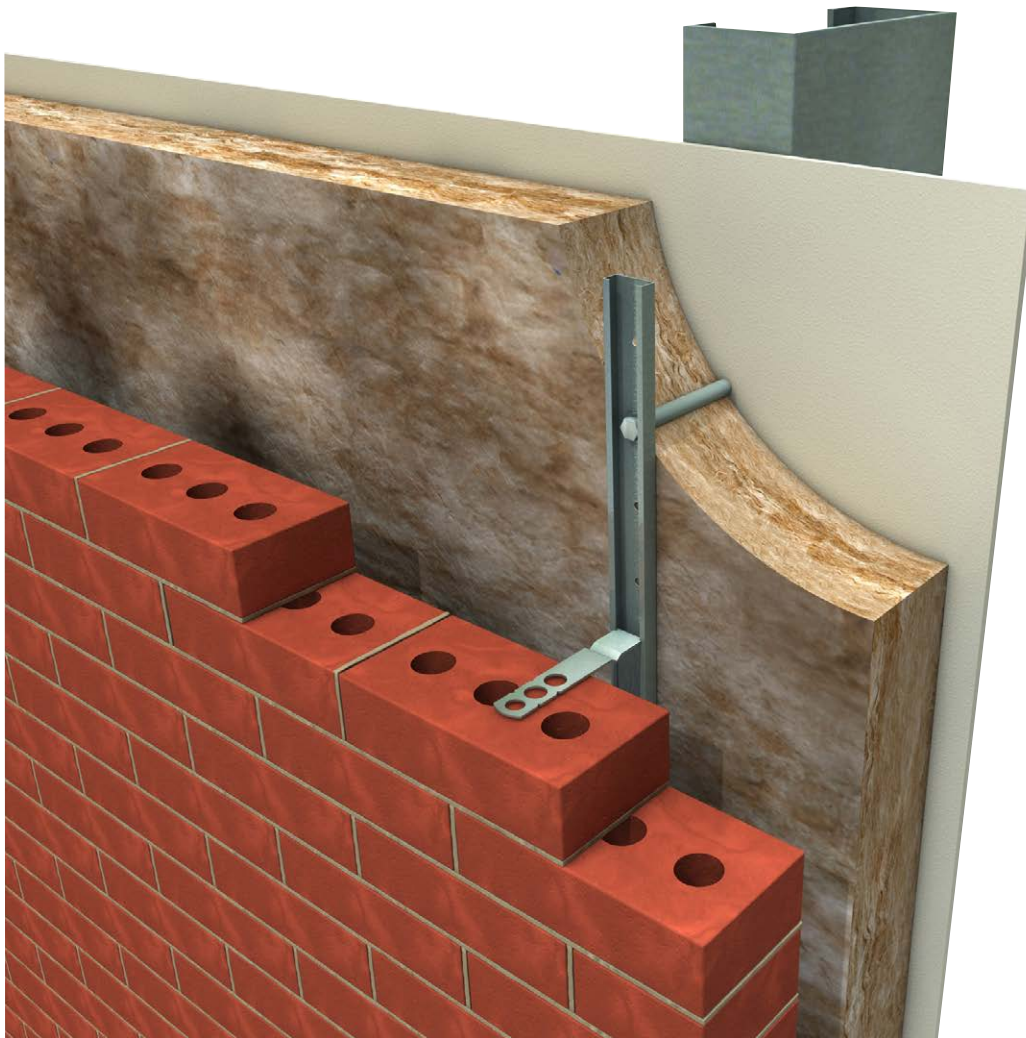
CAVITY BARRIERS

Cavity barriers should be installed to meet the requirements of Approved Document B - England and Wales, Handbook Section 2 - Scotland and Technical Booklet E - Northern Ireland.

Compression sleeves

When using Rocksilk® RainScreen Slabs up to 180mm with Ancon 25/14 Restraint System, the screws can be installed directly through the insulation. When using greater thicknesses, Ancon recommend Compression Sleeves (the same depth as the insulation) should be used around the fixing screws to provide the necessary support.

When using Rocksilk® RainScreen Slabs with ACS 25/15 Framefix Ultra Channel, ACS recommend Compression Sleeves (the same depth as the insulation) should be used around the fixing screws to provide the necessary support irrespective of insulation thickness.



Maintenance

ROLLING FRONT - BEST PRACTICE

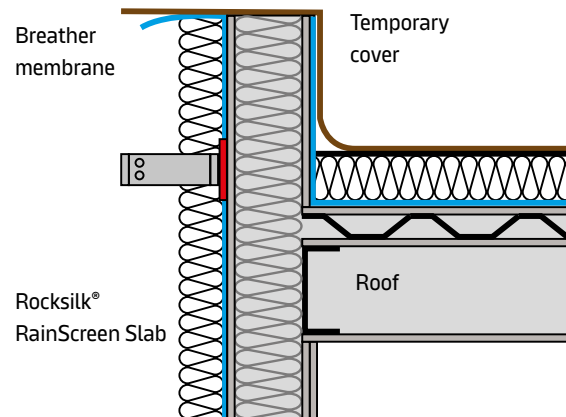
Rocksilk® RainScreen Slabs are manufactured with a water repellent additive, however best practice is for the insulation to be covered up by the cladding as the works proceed, on the basis of an advancing front. This protects the insulation from prolonged exposure during construction.

- ✓ Cladding should be immediately installed to cover Rocksilk® RainScreen Slab to reduce weathering.



PARAPET / ROOF LEVEL PROTECTION DURING INSTALLATION

The top edge of the slabs should be covered and any run off water directed away from running down the face of the slabs.

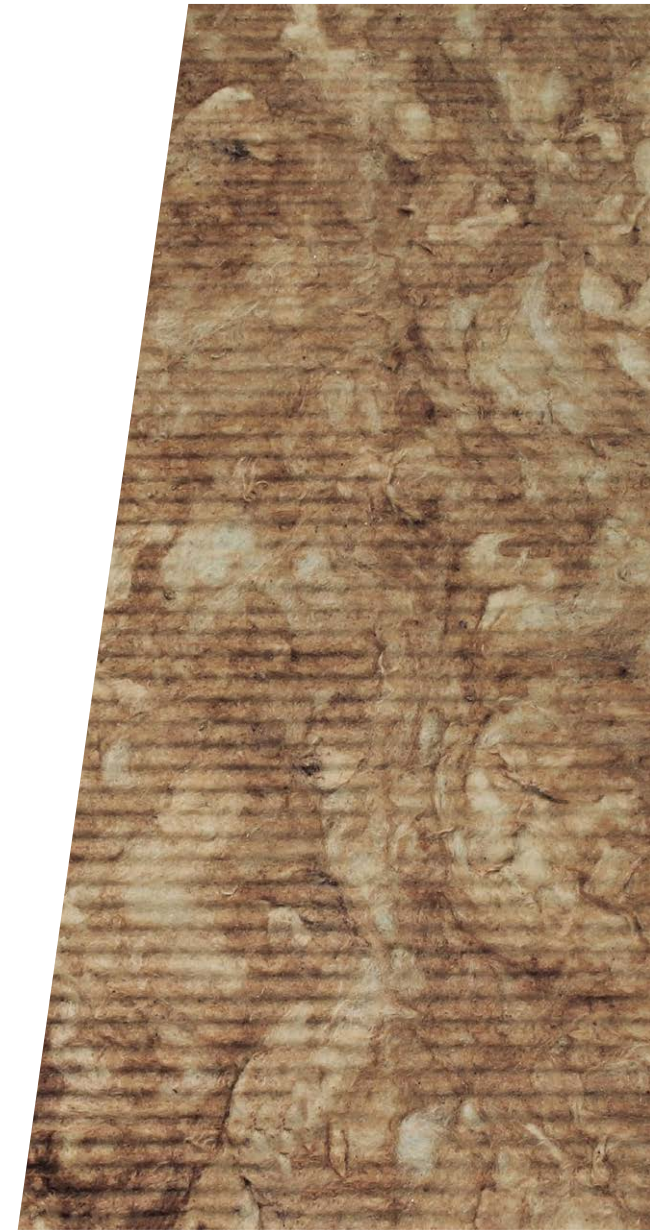
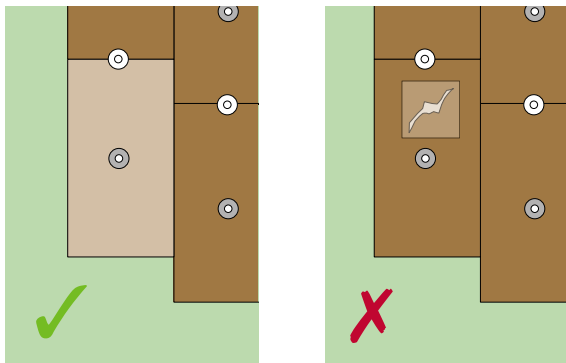


CONSTRUCTION REPAIRS

In the event of small repairs being needed on site, we recommend the replacement of full slabs wherever possible before installing the rainscreen panels.

- ✓ Full slab replacement after damage

- ✗ Small patched repair



Contacts

Specification Team

[Click here to find out more](#)

Technical Services Team

01744 766 666

technical.uk@knaufinsulation.com

For more information please [click here](#)

KNAUFINSULATION



Knauf Insulation Ltd

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